OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY AIR QUALITY DIVISION

MEMORANDUM

June 29, 2017

TO:	Phillip Fielder, P.E., Permits and Engineering Group Manager
THROUGH:	Rick Groshong, Senior Environmental Manager, Compliance and Enforcement
THROUGH:	Phil Martin, P.E., Engineering Manager, Existing Source Permit Section
THROUGH:	Jian Yue, P.E., New Source Permits Section
FROM:	David Pollard, ROAT
SUBJECT:	Evaluation of Permit Application No. 2017-0588-TVR3 KPC Pipeline, LLC Pawnee Compressor Station; Facility ID: 0852 Section 12, T22N, R5E, Pawnee County Latitude 36.3991°, Longitude -96.7283° Directions: From the intersection of Hwys 64 and 18, Pawnee, 3.6 miles north on Hwy 18 to Skedee Road (aka E0430 Rd); 4 miles east on Skedee Rd to Ralston Road (aka N3520 Rd); 0.5 miles north on Ralston Rd to facility entrance located on east side of road.

SECTION I. INTRODUCTION

KPC Pipeline, LLC (KPC, formerly known as PostRock KPC Pipeline LLC), L.P. has submitted an application for the third renewal of the title V permit for their Pawnee Compressor Station (SIC 4922, NAIC 48621). The facility presently operates under Permit No. 2008-049-TVR2 (M-1), issued February 7, 2013. The facility is permitted as a major source for criteria pollutants. The permit application will be processed under the Tier II procedures.

The operational hours on the compressor engines have historically been less than 220 hours per quarter, the level that triggers the requirements for PEA (portable emissions analyzer), and have been that low for at least the past two Title V permit terms. The reason KPC maintains the four large engines is for operational flexibility and to ensure that the facility will have sufficient compression capacity should their production requirements drastically increase due to market fluctuations. Having a Title V permit in hand enables them to respond to market increases in a timely manner, without delays that would be imposed by the permitting process.

Requested changes include modifying the CAM Plan as follows.

Existing requirement: II. Indicator Range - Initial benchmark monitoring will be performed within 180 days of issuance of the Title V renewal permit.

<u>Requested requirement</u>: Initial benchmark monitoring will be performed at the first opportunity when each engine operates for at least 24 consecutive hours at 80% or more load.

Existing requirement: III.C. QA/QC Practices and Criteria – Pressure gauge calibrated at least annually. Pressure taps checked monthly for plugging.

<u>Requested requirement</u>: Pressure gauge other than manometer calibrated at least annually. Pressure taps checked monthly for plugging. (KPC uses a manometer to monitor the pressure drop across the catalyst. Since a manometer cannot be calibrated a requirement to calibrate is pointless.)

Existing requirement: Data Collection Procedure - Pressure data recorded at least once each month when the engine is in operation.

<u>Requested requirement</u>: Pressure data recorded at least once in each month that the engine is in operation.

SECTION II. FACILITY DESCRIPTION

The facility is a natural gas transmission station and compresses natural gas. The facility receives natural gas through an inlet separator where any free liquids, if present, are separated and routed to the storage tank. Natural gas off the separator is compressed, if necessary, to the outlet sales meter. At this time very little compression is needed to move gas through the station and the engines have been operated less than 220 hours each quarter. Significant emission units include the four 1,478-hp Waukesha L7042GSI compressor engines, each equipped with a catalytic converter. There is no dehydration unit present. Equipment on-site is fueled by natural gas.

SECTION III. EQUIPMENT

EUG 1. Compressor Engines

ID#	Unit	HP	MMBTU /hr	Serial #	Installation Date
E-C501	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC	1,478	11.085	402202	1990
E-C502	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC	1,478	11.085	402203	1990
E-C503	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC	1,478	11.085	402204	1990
E-C504	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC	1,478	11.085	C10470/1	1992

ID#	Unit	Installed Date
E-TANK1	E-TANK1 Condensate Storage Tank - 4,200 gallons	
Load-1	Condensate Loading	1990
E-FUG	Fugitives	1990

EUG 2 Insignificant Activities

Table 1. Fugitive Emission Components

ID	Equipment	Number of Items	Installed Date
	Gas/vapor valves	50	
	Gas/vapor flanges	110	1990
E-FUG	Compressor seals	4	1990
	Pressure relief devices	14	

SECTION IV. AIR EMISSIONS

Emission estimates of criteria pollutants from the engines were carried over from previous permits. Emission estimates were based on emissions factors from AP-42 Table 3.2-3, annual operating hours of 8,760. Based on additional information submitted for this permit, the control reductions were about 73.4% on NO_X and 84.2% on CO. All engines are required to be equipped with automatic air/fuel ratio controllers and to operate with exhaust gases passing through catalytic converters.

This facility compresses only processed gas with very low VOC (volatile organic compound) content. VOC emissions from fugitive leaks are therefore negligible. No significant condensate is collected in the storage tank, thus breathing/working and flashing emissions of VOC are negligible. Likewise, VOC emissions from loading are also negligible.

Criteria pollutant emissions are summarized in Table 2 below.

Table 2. Facility-wide Emission Summary*

Source		NC	X	CO)	VO	С
		Lbs/hr	TPY	Lbs/hr	TPY	Lbs/hr	TPY
E-C501	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC	6.52	28.50	6.52	28.50	0.82	3.60
E-C502	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC	6.52	28.50	6.52	28.50	0.82	3.60
E-C503	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC	6.52	28.50	6.52	28.50	0.82	3.60
E-C504	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC	6.52	28.50	6.52	28.50	0.82	3.60
Totals		26.08	114.00	26.08	114.00	3.28	14.40

*Excludes Insignificant Activities

The engines will have emissions of HAPs, the most significant being formaldehyde. Controlled emissions of formaldehyde were calculated using manufacturer's data, an emission factor of 0.025 g/hp-hr. Emissions of formaldehyde are summarized in Table 3 below.

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	Sources		dehyde
			TPY
E-C501	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC	0.08	0.36
E-C502	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC	0.08	0.36
E-C503	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC	0.08	0.36
E-C504	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC	0.08	0.36
	Total	0.32	1.44

Table 3. Formaldehyde Emissions

Greenhouse Gases

The applicant presented estimates of PTE for greenhouse gases (CO_2 -equivalent) at this site for the previous permit, demonstrating that the facility is not a PSD-major source for this pollutant.

SECTION VI. OKLAHOMA AIR POLLUTION CONTROL RULES

OAC 252:100-1 (General Provisions)

Subchapter 1 includes definitions but there are no regulatory requirements.

OAC 252:100-2 (Incorporation by Reference) [Applicable] This Subchapter incorporates by reference applicable provisions of Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations. These requirements are addressed in the "Federal Regulations" section.

OAC 252:100-3 (Air Quality Standards and Increments) [Applicable] Primary Standards are in Appendix E and Secondary Standards are in Appendix F of the Air Pollution Control Rules. At this time, all of Oklahoma is in attainment of these standards.

OAC 252:100-5 (Registration, Emission Inventory, and Annual Operating Fees) [Applicable] Subchapter 5 requires sources of air contaminants to register with Air Quality, file emission inventories annually, and pay annual operating fees based upon total annual emissions of regulated pollutants.

OAC 252:100-8 (Permits for Part 70 Sources) [Applicable] Part 5 includes the general administrative requirements for Part 70 permits. Any planned changes in the operation of the facility which result in emissions not authorized in the permit and which exceed the "Insignificant Activities" or "Trivial Activities" thresholds require prior notification to AQD and may require a permit modification. Insignificant activities refer to those individual emission units either listed in Appendix I or whose actual calendar year emissions do not exceed the following limits.

• 5 TPY of any one criteria pollutant

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[Applicable]

2 TPY of any one hazardous air pollutant (HAP) or 5 TPY of multiple HAPs or 20% of • any threshold less than 10 TPY for a HAP that the EPA may establish by rule. Emission limitations for all sources are taken from the permit application or the previous permit.

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OAC 252:100-9 (Excess Emission Reporting Requirements)

Except as provided in OAC 252:100-9-7(a)(1), the owner or operator of a source of excess emissions shall notify the Director as soon as possible but no later than 4:30 p.m. the following working day of the first occurrence of excess emissions in each excess emission event. No later than thirty (30) calendar days after the start of any excess emission event, the owner or operator of an air contaminant source from which excess emissions have occurred shall submit a report for each excess emission event describing the extent of the event and the actions taken by the owner or operator of the facility in response to this event. Request for mitigation, as described in OAC 252:100-9-8, shall be included in the excess emission event report. Additional reporting may be required in the case of ongoing emission events and in the case of excess emissions reporting required by 40 CFR Parts 60, 61, or 63.

OAC 252:100-13 (Open Burning)

Open burning of refuse and other combustible material is prohibited except as authorized in the specific examples and under the conditions listed in this subchapter.

OAC 252:100-19 (Particulate Matter)

This subchapter specifies a particulate matter (PM) emissions limitation of 0.6 lb/MMBTU for all fuel-burning equipment at this facility. AP-42 (7/00), Section 3.2, lists the total PM emissions from a natural gas fueled engine to be 0.0483 lb/MMBTU. This permit requires the use of natural gas for all fuel-burning equipment to ensure compliance with Subchapter 19.

OAC 252:100-25 (Visible Emissions and Particulates)

This subchapter states that no person shall allow the discharge of any fumes, aerosol, mist, gas, smoke, vapor, particulate matter, or any combination thereof exhibiting greater than 20% opacity except for short term occurrences, which consist of not more than one six-minute (6) period in any consecutive 60 minutes, not to exceed three such periods in any consecutive 24-hour period. In no case shall the average of any six-minute (6) period exceed 60% opacity. When burning natural gas, there is very little possibility of exceeding the opacity standards.

OAC 252:100-29 (Fugitive Dust)

No person shall cause or permit the discharge of any visible fugitive dust emissions beyond the property line on which the emissions originate in such a manner as to damage or interfere with the use of adjacent properties, or cause air quality standards to be exceeded, or interfere with the maintenance of air quality standards. Under normal operating conditions, this facility will not cause a problem in this area, there it is not necessary to require specific precautions to be taken.

OAC 252:100-31 (Sulfur Compounds)

Part 2 limits the ambient air concentration of hydrogen sulfide (H₂S) emissions from any facility to 0.2 ppmv (24-hour average) at standard conditions which is equivalent to 283 μ g/m³.

Engines combusting fuel with an H₂S content of less than 343 ppmv are unlikely to exceed the H₂S ambient air concentration limit. A fuel sulfur limit of 343 ppmv will ensure compliance with the H₂S ambient air concentration limit.

Part 5 limits sulfur dioxide emissions from new fuel-burning equipment (constructed after July 1, 1972). For gaseous fuels the limit is 0.2 lb/MMBTU heat input averaged over 3 hours. For fuel

[Applicable]

[Applicable]

[Applicable]

[Applicable]

[Applicable]

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[Applicable]

gas having a gross calorific value of 1,000 BTU/SCF, this limit corresponds to fuel sulfur content of 1,203 ppmv. The permit requires the use of gaseous fuel with sulfur content less than 343 ppmv to ensure compliance with Subchapter 31.

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OAC 252:100-33 (Nitrogen Oxides [Not Applicable] This subchapter limits new gas-fired fuel-burning equipment with rated heat input greater than or equal to 50 MMBTUH to emissions of 0.2 lb of NOx per MMBTU. There are no equipment items that exceed the 50 MMBTUH threshold.

OAC 252:100-35 (Carbon Monoxide) [Not Applicable] This facility has none of the affected sources: gray iron foundry, blast furnace, basic oxygen furnace, petroleum catalytic cracking unit, or petroleum catalytic reforming unit.

OAC 252:100-37 (Volatile Organic Compounds) [Applicable] Part 3 requires storage tanks constructed after December 28, 1974, with a capacity of 400 gallons or more and storing a VOC with a vapor pressure greater than 1.5 psia to be equipped with a permanent submerged fill pipe or with an organic vapor recovery system. The water/condensate tank is subject to this requirement. Lube oil and antifreeze tanks have vapor pressures below the 1.5 psia de minimis level.

Part 3 requires loading facilities with a throughput equal to or less than 40,000 gallons per day to be equipped with a system for submerged filling of tank trucks or trailers if the capacity of the vehicle is greater than 200 gallons. This facility does not have the physical equipment (loading arm and pump) to conduct this type of loading. Therefore, this requirement is not applicable.

Part 5 limits the VOC content of coating of parts and products. Any painting operation will involve maintenance coatings of building and equipment and emit less than 100 pounds per day of VOCs and so is exempt.

Part 7 requires fuel-burning and refuse-burning equipment to be operated to minimize emissions of VOC. The equipment at this location is subject to this requirement.

Part 7 also requires effluent water separators which receive water containing more than 200 gallons per day of any VOC to be equipped with vapor control devices. There is no water effluent separator at this location.

OAC 252:100-42 (Toxic Air Contaminants (TAC)) This subchapter regulates toxic air contaminants (TAC) that are emitted into the ambient air in areas of concern (AOC). Any work practice, material substitution, or control equipment required by the Department prior to June 11, 2004, to control a TAC, shall be retained, unless a modification is approved by the Director. Since no AOC has been designated there are no specific requirements for this facility at this time.

OAC 252:100-43 (Testing, Monitoring, and Recordkeeping) [Applicable] This subchapter provides general requirements for testing, monitoring and recordkeeping and applies to any testing, monitoring or recordkeeping activity conducted at any stationary source. To determine compliance with emissions limitations or standards, the Air Quality Director may require the owner or operator of any source in the state of Oklahoma to install, maintain and operate monitoring equipment or to conduct tests, including stack tests, of the air contaminant source. All required testing must be conducted by methods approved by the Air Quality Director and under the direction of qualified personnel. A notice-of-intent to test and a testing protocol shall be submitted to Air Quality at least 30 days prior to any EPA Reference Method stack tests. Emissions and other data required to demonstrate compliance with any federal or state emission

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[Applicable]

limit or standard, or any requirement set forth in a valid permit shall be recorded, maintained, and submitted as required by this subchapter, an applicable rule, or permit requirement. Data from any required testing or monitoring not conducted in accordance with the provisions of this subchapter shall be considered invalid. Nothing shall preclude the use, including the exclusive use, of any credible evidence or information relevant to whether a source would have been in compliance with applicable requirements if the appropriate performance or compliance test or procedure had been performed.

OAC 252:100-11	Alternative Emissions Reduction	not requested
OAC 252:100-15	Mobile Sources	not in source category
OAC 252:100-17	Incinerators	not type of emission unit
OAC 252:100-23	Cotton Gins	not type of emission unit
OAC 252:100-24	Feed & Grain Facility	not in source category
OAC 252:100-39	Nonattainment Areas	not in area category
OAC 252:100-47	Landfills	not in source category

The following Oklahoma Air Pollution Control Rules are not applicable to this facility:

SECTION VI. FEDERAL REGULATIONS

PSD, 40 CFR Part 52

[Not Applicable] Final total emissions are less than the threshold of 250 TPY of any single regulated pollutant and the facility is not one of the 26 specific industries with a threshold of 100 TPY.

NSPS, 40 CFR Part 60

Subpart K, Storage Vessels for Petroleum Liquids.

Subpart Ka, Storage Vessels for Petroleum Liquids.

Subpart Kb, VOL Storage Vessels.

The water/condensate storage tank is less than the applicable threshold levels for these subparts and is therefore not subject to these subparts.

Subpart GG, Stationary Gas Turbines. This subpart sets standards for stationary gas turbines, however, the compressors here are powered by reciprocating engines.

Subpart KKK, Equipment Leaks of VOC from Onshore Natural Gas Processing Plants. This subpart sets standards for natural gas processing plants which are defined as any site engaged in the extraction of natural gas liquids from field gas, fractionation of natural gas liquids, or both. These operations are not conducted at this plant.

Subpart LLL, Onshore Natural Gas Processing: SO₂ Emissions. This subpart sets standards for natural gas sweetening units. There is no natural gas sweetening operation at this site.

Subpart JJJJ, Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines (SI-ICE), promulgates emission standards for all new SI engines ordered after June 12, 2006, and all SI engines modified or reconstructed after June 12, 2006, regardless of size.

The engines at this site were constructed prior to any threshold date for this rule, have not been modified or reconstructed, and are exempt.

Subpart OOOO, Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production, Transmission, and Distribution. This subpart was promulgated on August 16, 2012, and affects well completions, pneumatic controllers, equipment leaks from natural gas processing plants, sweetening units at natural gas processing plants, reciprocating compressors, centrifugal compressors and storage vessels which are constructed, modified or reconstructed after August 23, 2011. Well completions subject to

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[Not Applicable]

the NSPS are limited to the flow-back period following hydraulic fracturing operations at a gas well affected facility. These completions include those conducted at newly drilled and fractured wells, as well as completions conducted following re-fracturing operations that may occur at various times over the life of the well.

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All equipment at the facility was manufactured before August 23, 2011. The facility as it exists, is therefore not an affected source since it predates the effective date of this rule.

<u>Subpart OOOOa</u>, Standards of Performance for Crude Oil and Natural Gas Facilities for which Construction, Modification or Reconstruction Commenced After September 18, 2015, establishes emission standards and compliance schedules for the control of the pollutant greenhouse gases (GHG) and also for the control of volatile organic compounds (VOC) and sulfur dioxide (SO₂) emissions from affected facilities in the crude oil and natural gas source category that commence construction, modification or reconstruction after September 18, 2015.

All equipment at the facility was manufactured before September 18, 2015. The facility as it exists, is therefore not an affected source since it predates the effective date of this rule.

NESHAP, 40 CFR Part 61

There are no emissions of any of the regulated pollutants: arsenic, asbestos, benzene, beryllium, coke oven emissions, mercury, radionuclides, or vinyl chloride except for trace amounts of benzene.

<u>Subpart J</u>, Equipment Leaks of Benzene, concerns only process streams that contain more than 10% benzene by weight. Analysis of Oklahoma natural gas indicates a maximum benzene content of less than 1%.

NESHAP, 40 CFR Part 63

<u>Subpart HH</u>, Oil and Natural Gas Production Facilities. This subpart applies to triethylene glycol (TEG) dehydration units at area sources and affected emission points that are located at facilities that are major sources of HAP emissions and either process, upgrade, or store hydrocarbons prior to the point of custody transfer or prior to which the natural gas enters the natural gas transmission and storage source category. For the purposes of this subpart, natural gas enters the natural gas processing plant is present. If no natural gas processing plant is present, natural gas enters the natural gas transmission and storage source category after the point of custody transfer. There are no triethylene glycol dehydration units.

<u>Subpart HHH</u>, Natural Gas Transmission and Storage. This subpart affects Natural Gas Transmission and Storage Facilities. It applies to emission points that are located at facilities that are major sources of HAP emissions, as defined in this subpart, and that transport or store natural gas prior to entering the pipeline to a local distribution company or to a final end user. The affected source is each glycol dehydration unit. The owner or operator of a facility that does not contain an affected source is not subject to the requirements of this subpart. The facility is not a major source of HAP emissions and there are no dehydration units. Therefore, this subpart does not apply.

<u>Subpart ZZZZ</u>, National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines, establishes national emission limitations and operating limitations for hazardous air pollutants (HAP) emitted from stationary reciprocating internal combustion engines (RICE) located at major and area sources of HAP emissions. This subpart also establishes requirements to demonstrate initial and continuous compliance with the emission limitations and operating limitations. An affected source is any existing, new, or reconstructed stationary RICE located at a major or area source of HAP emissions, excluding stationary RICE being tested at a stationary RICE test cell/stand. For stationary RICE located at

[Not Applicable]

[Subpart ZZZZ Applicable]

an area source of HAP emissions, a stationary RICE is existing if you commenced construction or reconstruction of the stationary RICE before June 12, 2006. Owners and operators of new engines and reconstructed engines at area sources meet the requirements of Subpart ZZZZ by complying with either 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII (for CI engines) or 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart JJJJ (for SI engines). The engines at this facility are remote stationary RICE and are subject to the work practices specified in Table 2d.

<u>Subpart DDDDD</u>, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters, establishes national emission limitations and work practice standards for hazardous air pollutants (HAP) emitted from industrial, commercial, and institutional boilers and process heaters located at major sources of HAP. There are no process heaters at this facility and the facility is not a major source of HAP.

CAM, 40 CFR Part 64

[Applicable]

Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) as published in the Federal Register on October 20, 1997, applies to any pollutant specific emission unit at a major source, that is required to obtain a Title V permit, if it meets all of the following criteria:

- It is subject to an emission limit or standard for an applicable regulated air pollutant
- It uses a control device to achieve compliance with the applicable emission limit or standard
- It has potential emissions, prior to the control device, of the applicable regulated air pollutant of 100 TPY or 10 TPY of any one HAP or 25 TPY total of all HAPs.

CAM was determined to be applicable to the four compressor engines equipped with catalytic converters for the last permit. The permit requires compliance with the CAM plan included in the specific conditions.

Chemical Accident Prevention Provisions, 40 CFR Part 68 [Not Applicable] The definition of a stationary source does not apply to transportation, including storage incident to transportation, of any regulated substance or any other extremely hazardous substance under the provisions of this part. Naturally occurring hydrocarbon mixtures, prior to entry into a natural gas processing plant or a petroleum refining process unit, including: condensate, crude oil, field gas, and produced water, are exempt for the purpose of determining whether more than a threshold quantity of a regulated substance is present at the stationary source. More information on this federal program is available on the web page: www.epa.gov/ceppo.

Stratospheric Ozone Protection, 40 CFR Part 82 [Subparts A and F Applicable] These standards require phase out of Class I & II substances, reductions of emissions of Class I & II substances to the lowest achievable level in all use sectors, and banning use of nonessential products containing ozone-depleting substances (Subparts A & C); control servicing of motor vehicle air conditioners (Subpart B); require Federal agencies to adopt procurement regulations which meet phase out requirements and which maximize the substitution of safe alternatives to Class I and Class II substances (Subpart D); require warning labels on products made with or containing Class I or II substances (Subpart E); maximize the use of recycling and recovery upon disposal (Subpart F); require producers to identify substitutes for ozone-depleting compounds under the Significant New Alternatives Program (Subpart G); and reduce the emissions of halons (Subpart H).

Subpart A identifies ozone-depleting substances and divides them into two classes. Class I controlled substances are divided into seven groups; the chemicals typically used by the

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manufacturing industry include carbon tetrachloride (Class I, Group IV) and methyl chloroform (Class I, Group V). A complete phase-out of production of Class I substances is required by January 1, 2000 (January 1, 2002, for methyl chloroform). Class II chemicals, which are hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFCs), are generally seen as interim substitutes for Class I CFCs. Class II substances consist of 33 HCFCs. A complete phase-out of Class II substances, scheduled in phases starting by 2002, is required by January 1, 2030.

This facility does not utilize any Class I & II substances.

<u>Subpart F</u> requires that any persons servicing, maintaining, or repairing appliances except for motor vehicle air conditioners; persons disposing of appliances, including motor vehicle air conditioners; refrigerant reclaimers, appliance owners, and manufacturers of appliances and recycling and recovery equipment comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction.

The Standard Conditions of the permit address the requirements specified at §82.156 for persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal; §82.158 for equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances; §82.161 for certification by an approved technician certification program of persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances; §82.166 for recordkeeping; § 82.158 for leak repair requirements; and §82.166 for refrigerant purchase records for appliances normally containing 50 or more pounds of refrigerant.

SECTION VIII. COMPLIANCE

Tier Classification and Public Review

This application has been classified as Tier II based on the request for a renewal of the Title V operating permit. Public and EPA review of the application and permit are required.

The applicant published a DEQ Notice of Tier II Permit Application Filing on June 14, 2017 in the *Pawnee Chief*, a local weekly newspaper printed in Pawnee County. The notice stated that the application is available for public review at 42450 South 352 Rd., Pawnee, Oklahoma [the applicant's compressor facility office], or the AQD main office. The applicant will also publish a "Notice of Draft Tier II Permit" in a local newspaper for a 30 day public review. A copy of the draft permit will be available on the Air Quality section of the DEQ web page at *www.deq.state.ok.us*.

This facility is located within 50 miles of the border of Oklahoma and Kansas. The state of Kansas has been notified of the draft permit. No comments were received. Information on all permit actions is available for review by the public on the Air Quality section of the DEQ web page at <u>http://www.deq.state.ok.us</u>.

The permittee has submitted an affidavit that they are not seeking a permit for land use or for any operation upon land owned by others without their knowledge. The affidavit certifies that the applicant is the sole owner of the land involved.

Inspection

On October 13, 2016 a full compliance evaluation was conducted by Joe Drummond, Environmental Programs Specialist for the Department of Environmental Quality (Department), Air Quality Division, accompanied by Barry Lester, Pipeline Technician and DL Hunter, Compressor Technician both with KPC Pipeline, LLC (KPC). The facility was inspected to determine compliance with federal and state air quality regulations as well as its Operating Permit #2008-049-TVR2 (M-1).

A deviation was listed addressing the CAM requirements. The engines are equipped to be monitored according to the CAM requirements but had not been operated. However, the facility follows the CAM requirements and monitoring does occur when the engines are operating. The Indicator range (II) initial benchmark monitoring was unable to be performed within 180 days of issuance of the Title V permit due to lack of engine run time. The FCE noted that otherwise, that the facility appears to be operated and maintained in accordance with the state and federal air pollution regulations as well as the permit.

Testing

As noted previously in this memorandum, none of the engines have operated for 220 hours during at least the last two Title V permit terms. The most recent results from PEA testing demonstrating compliance with the permitted emission limits are shown below.

		NO	X	СО	
Unit ID	Description	Emission Limit lb/hr	Test Results lb/hr	Emission Limit lb/hr	Test Results lb/hr
E-C501	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC [tested 12/22/11]	6.52	0.22	6.52	0.14
E-C502	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC [tested 3/8/12]	6.52	0.42	6.52	0.67
E-C503	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC [tested 2/19/08]*	6.52	0.27	6.52	0.16
E-C504	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC [tested 3/17/11]	6.52	0.43	6.52	0.61

*Most recent test; engine had not operated 220 hours in a quarter since 2008.

Fees Paid

KPC submitted payment of \$7,500, the fee required for a Tile V permit renewal.

SECTION IX. SUMMARY

The facility is operating as described in the permit application. There are no active Air Quality compliance or enforcement issues concerning this facility. Issuance of the operating permit is recommended, contingent on Public and EPA reviews.

PERMIT TO OPERATE AIR POLLUTION CONTROL FACILITY SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

KPC Pipeline, LLC Pawnee Compressor Station

The permittee is authorized to operate in conformity with the specifications submitted to the Air Quality Division on January 22, 2008, and subsequent supplemental information for Permit No. 2008-049-TVR2 (M-1) and the application submitted on April 10, 2017 for this permit. The Evaluation Memorandum dated June 29, 2017, explains the derivation of applicable permit requirements and estimates of emissions; however, it does not contain operating limitations or permit requirements. Continuing operations under this permit constitutes acceptance of, and consent to, the conditions contained herein:

1. Points of emissions and emission limitations:

Permit No. 2017-0588-TVR3

[OAC 252:100-8-6(a)]

	Source)x	C	CO	VC	C
			TPY	lb/hr	TPY	lb/hr	TPY
E-C501	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC	6.52	28.5	6.52	28.50	0.82	3.60
E-C502	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC	6.52	28.5	6.52	28.50	0.82	3.60
E-C503	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC	6.52	28.5	6.52	28.50	0.82	3.60
E-C504	Waukesha L7042GSI Engine w/ CC	6.52	28.5	6.52	28.50	0.82	3.60

EUG-1 Compressor Engines

- a. All engines shall be equipped with air-to-fuel ratio control devices and operated with exhaust gases passing through functional 3-way catalytic converters.
- b. The make, model number and serial number shall be permanently identified on the engines at the facility.
- c. At least once per calendar quarter, the permittee shall conduct tests of NO_X and CO emissions from the engine(s) and from each replacement engine/turbine when operating under representative conditions for that period. Testing is required for any engine/turbine that runs for more than 220 hours during that calendar quarter. A quarterly test may be conducted no sooner than 20 calendar days after the most recent test. Testing shall be conducted using a portable analyzer in accordance with a protocol meeting the requirements of the latest AQD Portable Analyzer Guidance document, or an equivalent method approved by Air Quality. When four consecutive quarterly tests show the engine/turbine to be in compliance with the emissions limitations shown in the permit, then the testing frequency may be reduced to semi-annual testing. A semi-annual test may be conducted no sooner than 60 calendar days nor later than 180 calendar days after the most recent test.

show compliance, the testing frequency may be reduced to annual testing. An annual test may be conducted no sooner than 120 calendar days nor later than 365 calendar days after the most recent test. Upon any showing of non-compliance with emissions limitations or testing that indicates that emissions are within 10% of the emission limitations, the testing frequency shall revert to quarterly. Testing performed under a previous permit may be used to justify a reduced monitoring frequency, i.e., quarterly to semiannual or annual, and may be used in lieu of testing required by this permit for an applicable reporting period, i.e., quarter, six-month, or annual period coinciding with issuance of this permit. Reduced testing frequency does not apply to engines with catalytic converters.

- d. When periodic compliance testing shows engine exhaust emissions in excess of the lb/hr limits in Specific Condition Number 1, the permittee shall comply with the provisions of OAC 252:100-9.
- e. Replacement (including temporary periods of up to six months for maintenance etc.) of any engine/turbine shown in this permit with a engine/turbine of lesser or equal emissions of each pollutant is authorized under the following conditions:

[OAC 252:100-8-6 (f)]

- i. The permittee shall notify AQD in writing no later than 7 days in advance of the startup of the replacement engine(s)/turbine(s). Said notice shall identify the equipment removed and shall include the new engine/turbine make, model, and horsepower; date of the change, and any change in emissions.
- ii. Quarterly emissions tests for the replacement engine(s)/turbine(s) shall be conducted to confirm continued compliance with NO_X and CO emissions limitations. A copy of the first quarter testing shall be provided to AQD within 60 days of start-up of each replacement or additional engine/turbine. The test report shall include the engine/turbine fuel usage, stack flow (ACFM), stack temperature (°F), stack height (feet), stack diameter (inches), and pollutant emissions rates (g/hp-hr, lbs/hr, and TPY) at maximum rated horsepower for the altitude/location.
- iii. Replacement equipment and emissions are limited to equipment and emissions which are not a modification under NSPS or NESHAP, or a significant modification under PSD. The permittee shall calculate the emissions increase resulting from the replacement in accordance with the procedures in OAC 252:100-8, including any associated emissions, to document that the replacement does not exceed significance levels and submit the results with the notice required by a. of this Specific Condition and shall keep records required by the rule.
- iv. Engines/turbines installed as allowed under the replacement allowances in this Specific Condition shall comply with all applicable requirements.
- **EUG-2** Insignificant Activities: Emissions from the equipment listed following do not have a specific limitation and the emissions are insignificant.

ID#	Unit	Installed Date
E-TANK1	Condensate Storage Tank - 4,200 gallons	1990
Load-1	Condensate Loading	1990

I	[D #	Equipment	Number of Items	Installed Date
		Gas/vapor valves	50	
т		Gas/vapor flanges	110	1990
1	E-FUG	Compressor seals	4	1990
		Pressure relief devices	14	

- The owner/operator shall comply with all applicable requirements of the NESHAP: Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines, Subpart ZZZZ, for each affected facility including but not limited to: [40 CFR Part 63]
 - §63.6580 What is the purpose of subpart ZZZZ?
 - §63.6585 Am I subject to this subpart?
 - §63.6590 What parts of my plant does this subpart cover?
 - §63.6595 When do I have to comply with this subpart?
 - §63.6603 What emission limitations and operating limitations must I meet if I own or operate an existing stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions?
 - §63.6605 What are my general requirements for complying with this subpart?
 - \$63.6625 What are my monitoring, installation, operation, and maintenance requirements?
 - \$63.6630 How do I demonstrate initial compliance with the emission limitations and operating limitations?
 - \$63.6640 How do I demonstrate continuous compliance with the emission limitations and operating limitations?
 - §63.6650 What reports must I submit and when?
 - §63.6655 What records must I keep?
 - §63.6660 In what form and how long must I keep my records?
 - §63.6665 What parts of the General Provisions apply to me?
 - §63.6670 Who implements and enforces this subpart?
 - §63.6675 What definitions apply to this subpart?
- 3. The fuel-burning equipment shall be fired with pipeline grade natural gas or other gaseous fuel with a sulfur content less than 343 ppmv. Compliance can be shown by the following methods: for pipeline grade natural gas, a current gas company bill; for other gaseous fuel, a current lab analysis, stain-tube analysis, gas contract, tariff sheet, or other approved methods. Compliance shall be demonstrated at least once per calendar year. [OAC 252:100-31]
- 4. Each of the compressor engines is subject to Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) as published in the Federal Register on October 20, 1997, and shall comply with the provisions of the attached document "Pawnee Compressor Station Monitoring for Natural Gas Engines". Initial benchmark monitoring will be performed at the first opportunity when each engine operates for at least 24 consecutive hours at 80% or more load.

[40 CFR Part 64]

5. The permittee shall be authorized to operate the facility continuously (24 hours per day, every day of the year). [OAC 252:100-8-6(a)]

- The permittee shall keep records as follows. These records shall be retained on site or at a local field office for a period of at least five years following dates of recording, and shall be made available to regulatory personnel upon request. [OAC 252:100-43]
 - a. Results of the required emission testing of the engines.
 - b. For the fuel(s) burned, the appropriate document(s) as described in Specific Condition No. 2, updated annually and whenever the supplier changes.
 - c. O&M log for any engine/turbine not tested in each 3-month period.
 - d. Operating hours of engines/turbines which operated less than 220 hours and were not tested in a quarter.
 - e. Applicable records as required by 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ.
 - f. Records as required for the CAM Plan.
- 7. The following records shall be maintained on-site to verify Insignificant Activities. No recordkeeping is required for those operations which qualify as Trivial Activities.

[OAC 252:100-8-6 (a)(3)(B)]

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- a. Condensate tanks: capacity (gallons) and throughput (gallons per month).
- b. Other tanks smaller than 10,000 gallons: capacity and materials stored.
- No later than 30 days after each anniversary date of the issuance of the initial Title V operating permit (September 11, 1998), the permittee shall submit to Air Quality Division of DEQ, with a copy to the US EPA, Region 6, a certification of compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. [OAC 252:100-8-6 (c)(5)(A) & (D)]
- 9. This permit supersedes all previous Air Quality operating permits for this facility which are now cancelled.

	Indicator No. 1	Indicator No. 2	Indicator No. 3
I. Indicator	Temperature of exhaust gas into	Pressure differential across catalyst	Oxygen in exhaust.
	catalyst.	(pressure in – pressure out).	
Measurement	Temperature is measured	Pressure differential is measured	Oxygen concentrations into the
Approach	continuously using an inline	monthly using a manometer or an	catalyst are measured
	thermocouple and translated by a	equivalent device indicating water	continuously using an in-line O ₂
	temp. scanner or other end	column pressure differential across	sensor.
	device.	the catalyst bed	
II. Indicator Range	The indicator range is above	The indicator range is a pressure	The indicator range is O_2 % less
-	600°F but below 1,300°F.	drop deviation of more than 2	than 0.5% for 30 minutes or
	Excursions trigger corrective	inches WC established for a	more, or above 0.5 V or below
	action, logging and reporting in	specific load. Initial benchmark	1.0 V. Excursions trigger
	semiannual report. Unit will shut	monitoring will be performed at the	corrective action, logging and
	down at 1,300 deg F.	first opportunity when engines	reporting in semiannual report.
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	operate for at least 24 consecutive	
		hours at 80% or more load and	
		when personnel are on site to	
		conduct benchmarks Initial	
		monitoring will establish	
		benchmark pressure drops at	
		various loads (e.g., 100%, 90%,	
		etc.). These data will be recorded	
		for comparison to periodic	
		measurements. Excursions trigger	
		corrective action, logging and	
		reporting in semiannual report.	
III. Performance	Temperature is measured by a	Pressure is measured at the inlet	Measurements are performed to
Criteria	thermocouple with a minimum	and outlet of the catalyst by	the nearest one-tenth of a volt at
A. Data	accuracy of $\pm 5^{\circ}$ F.	pressure gauge or manometer.	the engine exhaust while the
Representativeness		Minimum accuracy is ± 0.25 inch	engine is operating.
Representativeness		WC.	engine is operating.
B. Verification of	Guarantee from thermocouple	2000 hr (runtime) I/M inspections	4000 hr of runtime I/M
Operational Status	manufacturer.	verify operating characteristics of	inspections verify operating
		the system.	characteristics of the system.
C. QA/QC	Thermocouple scanner or other	Pressure gauge other than	O_2 sensor replaced every 4000
Practices and	end device is tested annually.	manometer calibrated at least	hours of runtime.
Criteria		annually. Pressure taps checked	
		monthly for plugging.	
D. Monitoring	Temperature measured	Pressure drop recorded monthly	Oxygen voltage measured
Frequency	continuously and recorded on log	when engine is operating.	continuously and recorded on log
1 2	sheets each day that operator is		sheets each day that operator is on
	on site and the engine is in		site and the engine is in operation
	operation, Compliance assumed		Compliance assumed daily if no
	daily if no corrective action		corrective action events occur.
	events occur.		
Data Collection	Temperature measured	Pressure data recorded at least once	Records of alarm events and
Procedure	continuously and recorded on log	in month that the engine is in	required maintenance are
	sheets each day that operator is	operation. Otherwise, excursions	maintained.
	on site and the engine is in	trigger corrective action, logging,	
	operation, Otherwise, excursions	and reporting in semiannual report.	
	trigger corrective action, logging,	1 0	
	and reporting in semiannual		
	report.		
	1 +		
Averaging	None, not to exceed minimums	None, not to exceed minimums and	NA

1. Pawnee Compressor Station Monitoring for Natural Gas Engines

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PART 70 PERMIT

AIR QUALITY DIVISION STATE OF OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY 707 N. ROBINSON, SUITE 4100 P.O. BOX 1677 OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA 73101-1677

Permit No. 2017-0588-TVR3

KPC Pipeline LLC,

<u>having complied with the requirements of the law, is hereby granted permission to operate</u> <u>the Pawnee Compressor Station located in Sec. 12 – 22N – 5E, Pawnee County, Oklahoma,</u> <u>subject to standard conditions dated June 21, 2016, and specific conditions, both attached.</u>

This permit shall expire five (5) years from the issuance date below, except as authorized under Section VIII of the Standard Conditions.

Division Director, Air Quality Division

Date

KPC Pipeline LLC Attn: Mr. Robert Kitterman, Operations Manager 19970 West 161st Street Olathe, KS 66062

Re: Permit No. 2017-0588-TVR3 Pawnee Compressor Station; Facility ID: 0852 Sec. 12 – 22N - 5E Pawnee County, Oklahoma

Dear Mr. Kitterman:

Enclosed is the permit authorizing operation of the referenced facility above. Please note that this permit is issued subject to standard and specific conditions, which are attached. These conditions must be carefully followed since they define the limits of the permit and will be confirmed by periodic inspections.

Also note that you are required to annually submit an emissions inventory for this facility. An emissions inventory must be completed on approved AQD forms and submitted (hardcopy or electronically) by April 1st of every year. Any questions concerning the form or submittal process should be referred to the Emissions Inventory Staff at 405-702-4100.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If we may be of further service, or you have any questions about this permit, please contact David Pollard at (918) 293-1617.

Sincerely,

Phillip Fielder, P.E. Permits and Engineering Group Manager **AIR QUALITY DIVISION** KPC Pipeline LLC Attn: Mr. Robert Kitterman, Operations Manager 19970 West 161st Street Olathe, KS 66062

RE: Permit No. 2017-0588-TVR3
Pawnee Compressor Station; Facility ID: 0852
Sec. 12 – 22N - 5E
Pawnee County, Oklahoma

Dear Mr. Kitterman:

Air Quality has received the permit application for the referenced facility and your subsequent request by e-mail on February 7, 2017 to convert the Title V permit to a synthetic minor source. The permitting process to accomplish this will be a Tier II process. Future permit modifications can be done under the Tier I process, provided nothing is done to trigger major source status. We have completed initial review and prepared a draft permit. In accordance with 27A O.S. 2-14-301 and 302 and OAC 252:4-7-13(c), the enclosed draft permit is now ready for public review. The requirements for public review of the draft permit include the following steps, which you must accomplish.

- 1. Publish at least one legal notice (one day) in at least one newspaper of general circulation within the county where the facility is located. (Instructions enclosed)
- 2. Provide for public review, for a period of 30 days following the date of the newspaper announcement, a copy of the application and draft permit at a convenient location (preferentially at a public location) within the county of the facility.
- 3. Send AQD a signed affidavit of publication for the notice(s) from Item #1 above within 20 days of publication of the draft permit. Any additional comments or requested changes you have for the draft permit or the application should be submitted within 30 days of publication.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If we may be of further service, please contact David Pollard at (918) 293-1617 or by mail at 3105 E. Skelly Dr., Suite 200, Tulsa Oklahoma 74105.

Sincerely,

Phillip Fielder, P.E. Permits and Engineering Group Manager **AIR QUALITY DIVISION** Kansas Department of Health & Environmental Bureau of Air 1000 SW Jackson, Ste 310 Topeka, Kansas 66612-1366

SUBJECT:	Permit Number:	20170588-TVR3
Facility:	KPC Pipeline LLC	
-	Pawnee Compress	sor Station, Facility ID: 0852
Location:	Section 12, T22N	R5E, Pawnee County
	Latitude 36.3991°	, Longitude -96.7283°
Permit Writer:	David Pollard	-

Dear Sir / Madame:

The subject facility has requested a permit to renew their Title V operating permit under 40 CFR Part 70. Air Quality Division has completed the initial review of the application and prepared a draft permit for public review. Since this facility is within 50 miles of the Oklahoma – Missouri border, a copy of the proposed permit will be provided to you upon request. A copy of the draft permit is also posted on the Air Quality section of the DEQ web page: <u>www.deq.state.ok.us</u>

Thank you for your cooperation. If you have any questions, please refer to the permit number above and contact me at (405) 702-4100 or the permit writer (David Pollard) at (918) 293-1617.

Sincerely,

Phillip Fielder, P.E., Permits and Engineering Group Manager **AIR QUALITY DIVISION**

MAJOR SOURCE AIR QUALITY PERMIT STANDARD CONDITIONS (June 21, 2016)

SECTION I. DUTY TO COMPLY

A. This is a permit to operate / construct this specific facility in accordance with the federal Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401, et al.) and under the authority of the Oklahoma Clean Air Act and the rules promulgated there under. [Oklahoma Clean Air Act, 27A O.S. § 2-5-112]

B. The issuing Authority for the permit is the Air Quality Division (AQD) of the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ). The permit does not relieve the holder of the obligation to comply with other applicable federal, state, or local statutes, regulations, rules, or ordinances. [Oklahoma Clean Air Act, 27A O.S. § 2-5-112]

C. The permittee shall comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance shall constitute a violation of the Oklahoma Clean Air Act and shall be grounds for enforcement action, permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification, or for denial of a permit renewal application. All terms and conditions are enforceable by the DEQ, by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and by citizens under section 304 of the Federal Clean Air Act (excluding state-only requirements). This permit is valid for operations only at the specific location listed.

[40 C.F.R. §70.6(b), OAC 252:100-8-1.3 and OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(7)(A) and (b)(1)]

D. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit. However, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as precluding consideration of a need to halt or reduce activity as a mitigating factor in assessing penalties for noncompliance if the health, safety, or environmental impacts of halting or reducing operations would be more serious than the impacts of continuing operations. [OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(7)(B)]

SECTION II. REPORTING OF DEVIATIONS FROM PERMIT TERMS

A. Any exceedance resulting from an emergency and/or posing an imminent and substantial danger to public health, safety, or the environment shall be reported in accordance with Section XIV (Emergencies). [OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(3)(C)(iii)(I) & (II)]

B. Deviations that result in emissions exceeding those allowed in this permit shall be reported consistent with the requirements of OAC 252:100-9, Excess Emission Reporting Requirements. [OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(3)(C)(iv)]

C. Every written report submitted under this section shall be certified as required by Section III (Monitoring, Testing, Recordkeeping & Reporting), Paragraph F.

[OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(3)(C)(iv)]

SECTION III. MONITORING, TESTING, RECORDKEEPING & REPORTING

A. The permittee shall keep records as specified in this permit. These records, including monitoring data and necessary support information, shall be retained on-site or at a nearby field office for a period of at least five years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application, and shall be made available for inspection by regulatory personnel upon request. Support information includes all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by this permit. Where appropriate, the permit may specify that records may be maintained in computerized form.

[OAC 252:100-8-6 (a)(3)(B)(ii), OAC 252:100-8-6(c)(1), and OAC 252:100-8-6(c)(2)(B)]

- B. Records of required monitoring shall include:
 - (1) the date, place and time of sampling or measurement;
 - (2) the date or dates analyses were performed;
 - (3) the company or entity which performed the analyses;
 - (4) the analytical techniques or methods used;
 - (5) the results of such analyses; and
 - (6) the operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement.

[OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(3)(B)(i)]

C. No later than 30 days after each six (6) month period, after the date of the issuance of the original Part 70 operating permit or alternative date as specifically identified in a subsequent Part 70 operating permit, the permittee shall submit to AQD a report of the results of any required monitoring. All instances of deviations from permit requirements since the previous report shall be clearly identified in the report. Submission of these periodic reports will satisfy any reporting requirement of Paragraph E below that is duplicative of the periodic reports, if so noted on the submitted report. [OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(3)(C)(i) and (ii)]

D. If any testing shows emissions in excess of limitations specified in this permit, the owner or operator shall comply with the provisions of Section II (Reporting Of Deviations From Permit Terms) of these standard conditions. [OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(3)(C)(iii)]

E. In addition to any monitoring, recordkeeping or reporting requirement specified in this permit, monitoring and reporting may be required under the provisions of OAC 252:100-43, Testing, Monitoring, and Recordkeeping, or as required by any provision of the Federal Clean Air Act or Oklahoma Clean Air Act. [OAC 252:100-43]

F. Any Annual Certification of Compliance, Semi Annual Monitoring and Deviation Report, Excess Emission Report, and Annual Emission Inventory submitted in accordance with this permit shall be certified by a responsible official. This certification shall be signed by a responsible official, and shall contain the following language: "I certify, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete."

[OAC 252:100-8-5(f), OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(3)(C)(iv), OAC 252:100-8-6(c)(1), OAC 252:100-9-7(e), and OAC 252:100-5-2.1(f)]

G. Any owner or operator subject to the provisions of New Source Performance Standards ("NSPS") under 40 CFR Part 60 or National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants ("NESHAPs") under 40 CFR Parts 61 and 63 shall maintain a file of all measurements and other information required by the applicable general provisions and subpart(s). These records shall be maintained in a permanent file suitable for inspection, shall be retained for a period of at least five years as required by Paragraph A of this Section, and shall include records of the occurrence and duration of any start-up, shutdown, or malfunction in the operation of an affected facility, any malfunction of the air pollution control equipment; and any periods during which a continuous monitoring system or monitoring device is inoperative.

[40 C.F.R. §§60.7 and 63.10, 40 CFR Parts 61, Subpart A, and OAC 252:100, Appendix Q]

H. The permittee of a facility that is operating subject to a schedule of compliance shall submit to the DEQ a progress report at least semi-annually. The progress reports shall contain dates for achieving the activities, milestones or compliance required in the schedule of compliance and the dates when such activities, milestones or compliance was achieved. The progress reports shall also contain an explanation of why any dates in the schedule of compliance were not or will not be met, and any preventive or corrective measures adopted. [OAC 252:100-8-6(c)(4)]

I. All testing must be conducted under the direction of qualified personnel by methods approved by the Division Director. All tests shall be made and the results calculated in accordance with standard test procedures. The use of alternative test procedures must be approved by EPA. When a portable analyzer is used to measure emissions it shall be setup, calibrated, and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and in accordance with a protocol meeting the requirements of the "AQD Portable Analyzer Guidance" document or an equivalent method approved by Air Quality.

[OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(3)(A)(iv), and OAC 252:100-43]

J. The reporting of total particulate matter emissions as required in Part 7 of OAC 252:100-8 (Permits for Part 70 Sources), OAC 252:100-19 (Control of Emission of Particulate Matter), and OAC 252:100-5 (Emission Inventory), shall be conducted in accordance with applicable testing or calculation procedures, modified to include back-half condensables, for the concentration of particulate matter less than 10 microns in diameter (PM_{10}). NSPS may allow reporting of only particulate matter emissions caught in the filter (obtained using Reference Method 5).

K. The permittee shall submit to the AQD a copy of all reports submitted to the EPA as required by 40 C.F.R. Part 60, 61, and 63, for all equipment constructed or operated under this permit subject to such standards. [OAC 252:100-8-6(c)(1) and OAC 252:100, Appendix Q]

SECTION IV. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATIONS

A. No later than 30 days after each anniversary date of the issuance of the original Part 70 operating permit or alternative date as specifically identified in a subsequent Part 70 operating permit, the permittee shall submit to the AQD, with a copy to the US EPA, Region 6, a certification of compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit and of any other applicable requirements which have become effective since the issuance of this permit.

[OAC 252:100-8-6(c)(5)(A), and (D)]

B. The compliance certification shall describe the operating permit term or condition that is the basis of the certification; the current compliance status; whether compliance was continuous or intermittent; the methods used for determining compliance, currently and over the reporting period. The compliance certification shall also include such other facts as the permitting authority may require to determine the compliance status of the source.

[OAC 252:100-8-6(c)(5)(C)(i)-(v)]

C. The compliance certification shall contain a certification by a responsible official as to the results of the required monitoring. This certification shall be signed by a responsible official, and shall contain the following language: "I certify, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete." [OAC 252:100-8-5(f) and OAC 252:100-8-6(c)(1)]

D. Any facility reporting noncompliance shall submit a schedule of compliance for emissions units or stationary sources that are not in compliance with all applicable requirements. This schedule shall include a schedule of remedial measures, including an enforceable sequence of actions with milestones, leading to compliance with any applicable requirements for which the emissions unit or stationary source is in noncompliance. This compliance schedule shall resemble and be at least as stringent as that contained in any judicial consent decree or administrative order to which the emissions unit or stationary source is subject. Any such schedule of compliance shall be supplemental to, and shall not sanction noncompliance with, the applicable requirements on which it is based, except that a compliance plan shall not be required for any noncompliance condition which is corrected within 24 hours of discovery.

[OAC 252:100-8-5(e)(8)(B) and OAC 252:100-8-6(c)(3)]

SECTION V. REQUIREMENTS THAT BECOME APPLICABLE DURING THE PERMIT TERM

The permittee shall comply with any additional requirements that become effective during the permit term and that are applicable to the facility. Compliance with all new requirements shall be certified in the next annual certification. [OAC 252:100-8-6(c)(6)]

SECTION VI. PERMIT SHIELD

A. Compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit (including terms and conditions established for alternate operating scenarios, emissions trading, and emissions averaging, but excluding terms and conditions for which the permit shield is expressly prohibited under OAC 252:100-8) shall be deemed compliance with the applicable requirements identified and included in this permit. [OAC 252:100-8-6(d)(1)]

B. Those requirements that are applicable are listed in the Standard Conditions and the Specific Conditions of this permit. Those requirements that the applicant requested be determined as not applicable are summarized in the Specific Conditions of this permit. [OAC 252:100-8-6(d)(2)]

SECTION VII. ANNUAL EMISSIONS INVENTORY & FEE PAYMENT

The permittee shall file with the AQD an annual emission inventory and shall pay annual fees based on emissions inventories. The methods used to calculate emissions for inventory purposes shall be based on the best available information accepted by AQD.

[OAC 252:100-5-2.1, OAC 252:100-5-2.2, and OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(8)]

SECTION VIII. TERM OF PERMIT

A. Unless specified otherwise, the term of an operating permit shall be five years from the date of issuance. [OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(2)(A)]

B. A source's right to operate shall terminate upon the expiration of its permit unless a timely and complete renewal application has been submitted at least 180 days before the date of expiration. [OAC 252:100-8-7.1(d)(1)]

C. A duly issued construction permit or authorization to construct or modify will terminate and become null and void (unless extended as provided in OAC 252:100-8-1.4(b)) if the construction is not commenced within 18 months after the date the permit or authorization was issued, or if work is suspended for more than 18 months after it is commenced. [OAC 252:100-8-1.4(a)]

D. The recipient of a construction permit shall apply for a permit to operate (or modified operating permit) within 180 days following the first day of operation. [OAC 252:100-8-4(b)(5)]

SECTION IX. SEVERABILITY

The provisions of this permit are severable and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

[OAC 252:100-8-6 (a)(6)]

SECTION X. PROPERTY RIGHTS

A. This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. [OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(7)(D)]

B. This permit shall not be considered in any manner affecting the title of the premises upon which the equipment is located and does not release the permittee from any liability for damage to persons or property caused by or resulting from the maintenance or operation of the equipment for which the permit is issued. [OAC 252:100-8-6(c)(6)]

SECTION XI. DUTY TO PROVIDE INFORMATION

A. The permittee shall furnish to the DEQ, upon receipt of a written request and within sixty (60) days of the request unless the DEQ specifies another time period, any information that the DEO may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, reopening, revoking,

reissuing, terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the DEQ copies of records required to be kept by the permit.

[OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(7)(E)]

B. The permittee may make a claim of confidentiality for any information or records submitted pursuant to 27A O.S. § 2-5-105(18). Confidential information shall be clearly labeled as such and shall be separable from the main body of the document such as in an attachment.

[OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(7)(E)]

C. Notification to the AQD of the sale or transfer of ownership of this facility is required and shall be made in writing within thirty (30) days after such sale or transfer.

[Oklahoma Clean Air Act, 27A O.S. § 2-5-112(G)]

SECTION XII. REOPENING, MODIFICATION & REVOCATION

A. The permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. Except as provided for minor permit modifications, the filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, termination, notification of planned changes, or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

[OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(7)(C) and OAC 252:100-8-7.2(b)]

B. The DEQ will reopen and revise or revoke this permit prior to the expiration date in the following circumstances: [OAC 252:100-8-7.3 and OAC 252:100-8-7.4(a)(2)]

- (1) Additional requirements under the Clean Air Act become applicable to a major source category three or more years prior to the expiration date of this permit. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the expiration date of this permit.
- (2) The DEQ or the EPA determines that this permit contains a material mistake or that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.
- (3) The DEQ or the EPA determines that inaccurate information was used in establishing the emission standards, limitations, or other conditions of this permit. The DEQ may revoke and not reissue this permit if it determines that the permittee has submitted false or misleading information to the DEQ.
- (4) DEQ determines that the permit should be amended under the discretionary reopening provisions of OAC 252:100-8-7.3(b).

C. The permit may be reopened for cause by EPA, pursuant to the provisions of OAC 100-8-7.3(d). [OAC 100-8-7.3(d)]

D. The permittee shall notify AQD before making changes other than those described in Section XVIII (Operational Flexibility), those qualifying for administrative permit amendments, or those defined as an Insignificant Activity (Section XVI) or Trivial Activity (Section XVII). The notification should include any changes which may alter the status of a "grandfathered source," as defined under AQD rules. Such changes may require a permit modification.

[OAC 252:100-8-7.2(b) and OAC 252:100-5-1.1]

E. Activities that will result in air emissions that exceed the trivial/insignificant levels and that are not specifically approved by this permit are prohibited. [OAC 252:100-8-6(c)(6)]

SECTION XIII. INSPECTION & ENTRY

A. Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, the permittee shall allow authorized regulatory officials to perform the following (subject to the permittee's right to seek confidential treatment pursuant to 27A O.S. Supp. 1998, § 2-5-105(17) for confidential information submitted to or obtained by the DEQ under this section):

- (1) enter upon the permittee's premises during reasonable/normal working hours where a source is located or emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of the permit;
- (2) have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of the permit;
- (3) inspect, at reasonable times and using reasonable safety practices, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit; and
- (4) as authorized by the Oklahoma Clean Air Act, sample or monitor at reasonable times substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit.

[OAC 252:100-8-6(c)(2)]

SECTION XIV. EMERGENCIES

A. Any exceedance resulting from an emergency shall be reported to AQD promptly but no later than 4:30 p.m. on the next working day after the permittee first becomes aware of the exceedance. This notice shall contain a description of the emergency, the probable cause of the exceedance, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.

[OAC 252:100-8-6 (a)(3)(C)(iii)(I) and (IV)]

B. Any exceedance that poses an imminent and substantial danger to public health, safety, or the environment shall be reported to AQD as soon as is practicable; but under no circumstance shall notification be more than 24 hours after the exceedance. [OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(3)(C)(iii)(II)]

C. An "emergency" means any situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, including acts of God, which situation requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under this permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventive maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error. [OAC 252:100-8-2]

D. The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence that: [OAC 252:100-8-6 (e)(2)]

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- (1) an emergency occurred and the permittee can identify the cause or causes of the emergency;
- (2) the permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
- (3) during the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards or other requirements in this permit.

E. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency shall have the burden of proof. [OAC 252:100-8-6(e)(3)]

F. Every written report or document submitted under this section shall be certified as required by Section III (Monitoring, Testing, Recordkeeping & Reporting), Paragraph F.

[OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(3)(C)(iv)]

SECTION XV. RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN

The permittee, if subject to the provision of Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, shall develop and register with the appropriate agency a risk management plan by June 20, 1999, or the applicable effective date. [OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(4)]

SECTION XVI. INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES

Except as otherwise prohibited or limited by this permit, the permittee is hereby authorized to operate individual emissions units that are either on the list in Appendix I to OAC Title 252, Chapter 100, or whose actual calendar year emissions do not exceed any of the limits below. Any activity to which a State or Federal applicable requirement applies is not insignificant even if it meets the criteria below or is included on the insignificant activities list.

- (1) 5 tons per year of any one criteria pollutant.
- (2) 2 tons per year for any one hazardous air pollutant (HAP) or 5 tons per year for an aggregate of two or more HAP's, or 20 percent of any threshold less than 10 tons per year for single HAP that the EPA may establish by rule.

[OAC 252:100-8-2 and OAC 252:100, Appendix I]

SECTION XVII. TRIVIAL ACTIVITIES

Except as otherwise prohibited or limited by this permit, the permittee is hereby authorized to operate any individual or combination of air emissions units that are considered inconsequential and are on the list in Appendix J. Any activity to which a State or Federal applicable requirement applies is not trivial even if included on the trivial activities list.

[OAC 252:100-8-2 and OAC 252:100, Appendix J]

SECTION XVIII. OPERATIONAL FLEXIBILITY

A. A facility may implement any operating scenario allowed for in its Part 70 permit without the need for any permit revision or any notification to the DEQ (unless specified otherwise in the

permit). When an operating scenario is changed, the permittee shall record in a log at the facility the scenario under which it is operating. [OAC 252:100-8-6(a)(10) and (f)(1)]

- B. The permittee may make changes within the facility that:
 - (1) result in no net emissions increases,
 - (2) are not modifications under any provision of Title I of the federal Clean Air Act, and
 - (3) do not cause any hourly or annual permitted emission rate of any existing emissions unit to be exceeded;

provided that the facility provides the EPA and the DEQ with written notification as required below in advance of the proposed changes, which shall be a minimum of seven (7) days, or twenty four (24) hours for emergencies as defined in OAC 252:100-8-6 (e). The permittee, the DEQ, and the EPA shall attach each such notice to their copy of the permit. For each such change, the written notification required above shall include a brief description of the change within the permitted facility, the date on which the change will occur, any change in emissions, and any permit term or condition that is no longer applicable as a result of the change. The permit shield provided by this permit does not apply to any change made pursuant to this paragraph. [OAC 252:100-8-6(f)(2)]

SECTION XIX. OTHER APPLICABLE & STATE-ONLY REQUIREMENTS

A. The following applicable requirements and state-only requirements apply to the facility unless elsewhere covered by a more restrictive requirement:

(1) Open burning of refuse and other combustible material is prohibited except as authorized in the specific examples and under the conditions listed in the Open Burning Subchapter.

[OAC 252:100-13]

- (2) No particulate emissions from any fuel-burning equipment with a rated heat input of 10 MMBTUH or less shall exceed 0.6 lb/MMBTU. [OAC 252:100-19]
- (3) For all emissions units not subject to an opacity limit promulgated under 40 C.F.R., Part 60, NSPS, no discharge of greater than 20% opacity is allowed except for:

[OAC 252:100-25]

- (a) Short-term occurrences which consist of not more than one six-minute period in any consecutive 60 minutes, not to exceed three such periods in any consecutive 24 hours. In no case shall the average of any six-minute period exceed 60% opacity;
- (b) Smoke resulting from fires covered by the exceptions outlined in OAC 252:100-13-7;
- (c) An emission, where the presence of uncombined water is the only reason for failure to meet the requirements of OAC 252:100-25-3(a); or
- (d) Smoke generated due to a malfunction in a facility, when the source of the fuel producing the smoke is not under the direct and immediate control of the facility and the immediate constriction of the fuel flow at the facility would produce a hazard to life and/or property.

- (4) No visible fugitive dust emissions shall be discharged beyond the property line on which the emissions originate in such a manner as to damage or to interfere with the use of adjacent properties, or cause air quality standards to be exceeded, or interfere with the maintenance of air quality standards. [OAC 252:100-29]
- (5) No sulfur oxide emissions from new gas-fired fuel-burning equipment shall exceed 0.2 lb/MMBTU. No existing source shall exceed the listed ambient air standards for sulfur dioxide. [OAC 252:100-31]
- (6) Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) storage tanks built after December 28, 1974, and with a capacity of 400 gallons or more storing a liquid with a vapor pressure of 1.5 psia or greater under actual conditions shall be equipped with a permanent submerged fill pipe or with a vapor-recovery system. [OAC 252:100-37-15(b)]
- (7) All fuel-burning equipment shall at all times be properly operated and maintained in a manner that will minimize emissions of VOCs. [OAC 252:100-37-36]

SECTION XX. STRATOSPHERIC OZONE PROTECTION

A. The permittee shall comply with the following standards for production and consumption of ozone-depleting substances: [40 CFR 82, Subpart A]

- (1) Persons producing, importing, or placing an order for production or importation of certain class I and class II substances, HCFC-22, or HCFC-141b shall be subject to the requirements of §82.4;
- (2) Producers, importers, exporters, purchasers, and persons who transform or destroy certain class I and class II substances, HCFC-22, or HCFC-141b are subject to the recordkeeping requirements at §82.13; and
- (3) Class I substances (listed at Appendix A to Subpart A) include certain CFCs, Halons, HBFCs, carbon tetrachloride, trichloroethane (methyl chloroform), and bromomethane (Methyl Bromide). Class II substances (listed at Appendix B to Subpart A) include HCFCs.

B. If the permittee performs a service on motor (fleet) vehicles when this service involves an ozone-depleting substance refrigerant (or regulated substitute substance) in the motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC), the permittee is subject to all applicable requirements. Note: The term "motor vehicle" as used in Subpart B does not include a vehicle in which final assembly of the vehicle has not been completed. The term "MVAC" as used in Subpart B does not include the air-tight sealed refrigeration system used as refrigerated cargo, or the system used on passenger buses using HCFC-22 refrigerant. [40 CFR 82, Subpart B] C. The permittee shall comply with the following standards for recycling and emissions

C. The permittee shall comply with the following standards for recycling and emissions reduction except as provided for MVACs in Subpart B: [40 CFR 82, Subpart F]

- (1) Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal must comply with the required practices pursuant to § 82.156;
- (2) Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must

comply with the standards for recycling and recovery equipment pursuant to § 82.158;

- (3) Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to § 82.161;
- (4) Persons disposing of small appliances, MVACs, and MVAC-like appliances must comply with record-keeping requirements pursuant to § 82.166;
- (5) Persons owning commercial or industrial process refrigeration equipment must comply with leak repair requirements pursuant to § 82.158; and
- (6) Owners/operators of appliances normally containing 50 or more pounds of refrigerant must keep records of refrigerant purchased and added to such appliances pursuant to § 82.166.

SECTION XXI. TITLE V APPROVAL LANGUAGE

A. DEQ wishes to reduce the time and work associated with permit review and, wherever it is not inconsistent with Federal requirements, to provide for incorporation of requirements established through construction permitting into the Source's Title V permit without causing redundant review. Requirements from construction permits may be incorporated into the Title V permit through the administrative amendment process set forth in OAC 252:100-8-7.2(a) only if the following procedures are followed:

- (1) The construction permit goes out for a 30-day public notice and comment using the procedures set forth in 40 C.F.R. § 70.7(h)(1). This public notice shall include notice to the public that this permit is subject to EPA review, EPA objection, and petition to EPA, as provided by 40 C.F.R. § 70.8; that the requirements of the construction permit will be incorporated into the Title V permit through the administrative amendment process; that the public will not receive another opportunity to provide comments when the requirements are incorporated into the Title V permit; and that EPA review, EPA objection, and petitions to EPA will not be available to the public when requirements from the construction permit are incorporated into the Title V permit.
- (2) A copy of the construction permit application is sent to EPA, as provided by 40 CFR § 70.8(a)(1).
- (3) A copy of the draft construction permit is sent to any affected State, as provided by 40 C.F.R. § 70.8(b).
- (4) A copy of the proposed construction permit is sent to EPA for a 45-day review period as provided by 40 C.F.R.§ 70.8(a) and (c).
- (5) The DEQ complies with 40 C.F.R. § 70.8(c) upon the written receipt within the 45-day comment period of any EPA objection to the construction permit. The DEQ shall not issue the permit until EPA's objections are resolved to the satisfaction of EPA.
- (6) The DEQ complies with 40 C.F.R. \$ 70.8(d).
- (7) A copy of the final construction permit is sent to EPA as provided by 40 CFR § 70.8(a).
- (8) The DEQ shall not issue the proposed construction permit until any affected State and EPA have had an opportunity to review the proposed permit, as provided by these permit conditions.
- (9) Any requirements of the construction permit may be reopened for cause after incorporation into the Title V permit by the administrative amendment process, by

DEQ as provided in OAC 252:100-8-7.3(a), (b), and (c), and by EPA as provided in 40 C.F.R. § 70.7(f) and (g).

(10) The DEQ shall not issue the administrative permit amendment if performance tests fail to demonstrate that the source is operating in substantial compliance with all permit requirements.

B. To the extent that these conditions are not followed, the Title V permit must go through the Title V review process.

SECTION XXII. CREDIBLE EVIDENCE

For the purpose of submitting compliance certifications or establishing whether or not a person has violated or is in violation of any provision of the Oklahoma implementation plan, nothing shall preclude the use, including the exclusive use, of any credible evidence or information, relevant to whether a source would have been in compliance with applicable requirements if the appropriate performance or compliance test or procedure had been performed.

[OAC 252:100-43-6]